Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 868.5795 Tracheal tube cleaning brush.

- (a) *Identification*. A tracheal tube cleaning brush is a device consisting of a brush with plastic bristles intended to clean tracheal cannula devices after their removal from patients.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9. If the device is not labeled or otherwise represented as sterile, it is exempt from the current good manufacturing practice regulations in part 820 of this chapter, with the exception of §820.180, with respect to general requirements concerning records, and §820.198, with respect to complaint files.
- [51 FR 40388, Nov. 6, 1986, as amended at 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§ 868.5800 Tracheostomy tube and tube cuff.

- (a) Identification. A tracheostomy tube and tube cuff is a device intended to be placed into a surgical opening of the trachea to facilitate ventilation to the lungs. The cuff may be a separate or integral part of the tracheostomy tube and is, when inflated, intended to establish a seal between the tracheal wall and the tracheostomy tube. The cuff is used to prevent the patient's aspiration of substances, such as blood or vomit, or to provide a means for positive-pressure ventilation of the patient. This device is made of either stainless steel or plastic.
 - (b) Classification. Class II.

[51 FR 40389, Nov. 6, 1986]

§868.5810 Airway connector.

- (a) *Identification*. An airway connector is a device intended to connect a breathing gas source to a tracheal tube, tracheostomy tube, or mask.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.
- [47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38795, July 25, 2001]

§868.5820 Dental protector.

- (a) *Identification*. A dental protector is a device intended to protect a patient's teeth during manipulative procedures within a patient's oral cavity.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

 $[47\ FR\ 31142,\ July\ 16,\ 1982,\ as\ amended\ at\ 61\ FR\ 1120,\ Jan.\ 16,\ 1996;\ 66\ FR\ 38795,\ July\ 25,\ 2001]$

§868.5830 Autotransfusion apparatus.

- (a) *Identification*. An autotransfusion apparatus is a device used to collect and reinfuse the blood lost by a patient due to surgery or trauma.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§868.5860 Pressure tubing and accessories.

- (a) *Identification*. Pressure tubing and accessories are flexible or rigid devices intended to deliver pressurized medical gases.
- (b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §868.9.

[47 FR 31142, July 16, 1982, as amended at 61 FR 1120, Jan. 16, 1996; 66 FR 38796, July 25, 2001]

§868.5870 Nonrebreathing valve.

- (a) *Identification*. A nonrebreathing valve is a one-way valve that directs breathing gas flow to the patient and vents exhaled gases into the atmosphere.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 868.5880 Anesthetic vaporizer.

- (a) *Identification*. An anesthetic vaporizer is a device used to vaporize liquid anesthetic and deliver a controlled amount of the vapor to the patient.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§868.5895 Continuous ventilator.

(a) *Identification*. A continuous ventilator (respirator) is a device intended